## 33.214 Alternative dispute resolution (ADR).

- (a) The objective of using ADR procedures is to increase the opportunity for relatively inexpensive and expeditious resolution of issues in controversy. Essential elements of ADR include-
- (1) Existence of an issue in controversy;
- (2) A voluntary election by both parties to participate in the ADR process;
- (3) An agreement on alternative procedures and terms to be used in lieu of formal litigation; and
- (4) Participation in the process by officials of both parties who have the authority to resolve the *issue in controversy*.
- (b) If the contracting officer rejects a contractor's request for ADR proceedings, the contracting officer shall provide the contractor a written explanation citing one or more of the conditions in  $\underline{5}$   $\underline{\text{U.S.C. }572(b)}$  or such other specific reasons that ADR procedures are inappropriate for the resolution of the dispute. In any case where a contractor rejects a request of an agency for ADR proceedings, the contractor shall inform the agency in writing of the contractor's specific reasons for rejecting the request.
- (c) ADR procedures *may* be used at any time that the *contracting officer* has authority to resolve the *issue in controversy*. If a *claim* has been submitted, ADR procedures *may* be applied to all or a portion of the *claim*. When ADR procedures are used subsequent to the issuance of a *contracting officer*'s final decision, their use does not alter any of the time limitations or procedural requirements for filing an appeal of the *contracting officer*'s final decision and does not constitute a reconsideration of the final decision.
- (d) When appropriate, a *neutral person may* be used to facilitate resolution of the *issue in controversy* using the procedures chosen by the parties.
- (e) The confidentiality of ADR proceedings *shall* be protected consistent with <u>5 U.S.C. 574</u>.

(f)

- (1) A *solicitation shall* not require arbitration as a condition of award, unless arbitration is otherwise required by law. *Contracting officers should* have flexibility to select the appropriate ADR procedure to resolve the issues in controversy as they arise.
- (2) An agreement to use arbitration *shall* be *in writing* and *shall* specify a maximum award that *may* be issued by the arbitrator, as well as any other conditions limiting the range of possible outcomes.
- (g) Binding arbitration, as an ADR procedure, *may* be agreed to only as specified in agency guidelines. Such guidelines *shall* provide advice on the appropriate use of binding arbitration and when an agency has authority to settle an *issue in controversy* through binding arbitration.

Parent topic: Subpart 33.2 - Disputes and Appeals