# Subpart 36.1 - General

**Parent topic:** Part 36 - Construction and Architect-Engineer Contracts

## 36.101 Applicability.

- (a) *Construction* and architect-engineer *contracts* are subject to the requirements in other parts of this regulation, which *shall* be followed when applicable.
- (b) When a requirement in this part is inconsistent with a requirement in another part of this regulation, this <u>part 36</u> shall take precedence if the acquisition of construction or architect-engineer services is involved.
- (c) A contract for both construction and supplies or services shall include-
- (1) Clauses applicable to the predominant part of the work (see subpart 22.4), or
- (2) If the *contract* is divided into parts, the clauses applicable to each portion.

#### 36.102 Definitions.

As used in this part-

Contract is intended to refer to a contract for construction or a contract for architect-engineer services, unless another meaning is clearly intended.

Design means defining the *construction* requirement (including the functional relationships and technical systems to be used, such as architectural, environmental, structural, electrical, mechanical, and fire protection), producing the technical specifications and drawings, and preparing the *construction* cost estimate.

*Design-bid-build* means the traditional delivery method where *design* and *construction* are sequential and contracted for separately with two *contracts* and two contractors.

Design-build means combining design and construction in a single contract with one contractor.

Firm in conjunction with *architect-engineer services*, means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity permitted by law to practice the professions of architecture or engineering.

*Plans and specifications* means drawings, specifications, and other data for and preliminary to the *construction*.

*Record drawings* means drawings submitted by a contractor or subcontractor at any tier to show the *construction* of a particular structure or work as actually completed under the *contract*.

Two-phase design-build selection procedures is a selection method in which a limited number of offerors (normally five or fewer) is selected during Phase One to submit detailed proposals for Phase Two (see <a href="subpart 36.3">subpart 36.3</a>).

### 36.103 Methods of contracting.

- (a) The contracting officer shall use sealed bid procedures for a construction contract if the conditions in 6.401(a) apply, unless the contract will be performed outside the *United States* and its outlying areas. (See 6.401(b)(2).)
- (b) *Contracting officers shall* acquire *architect-engineer services* by negotiation, and select sources in accordance with applicable law, <u>subpart 36.6</u>, and agency regulations.

#### 36.104 Policy.

- (a) Unless the traditional *acquisition* approach of *design-bid-build* established under <u>40 U.S.C.</u> chapter <u>11</u>, Selection of Architects and Engineers, or another *acquisition* procedure authorized by law is used, the *contracting officer shall* use the two-phase selection procedures authorized by <u>10 U.S.C. 3241</u> or <u>41 U.S.C.3309</u> when entering into a *contract* for the *design* and *construction* of a public building, facility, or work, if the *contracting officer* makes a determination that the procedures are appropriate for use (see <u>subpart 36.3</u>). Other *acquisition* procedures authorized by law include the procedures established in this part and other parts of this chapter and, for DoD, the *design-build* process described in <u>10 U.S.C. 2862</u>.
- (b) Agencies *shall* implement high-performance sustainable building *design*, *construction*, renovation, repair, commissioning, operation and maintenance, management, and deconstruction practices so as to—
- (1) Ensure that—
- (i) All new *construction* and modernization projects greater than 25,000 gross square feet are designed, constructed, and maintained to meet and, wherever practicable, exceed Federal sustainable *design* and operations principles for new *construction* and modernization projects in accordance with the Council on Environmental Quality's Guiding Principles for Sustainable Federal Buildings and Associated Instructions (Guiding Principles) (available at <a href="https://www.sustainability.gov/pdfs/guiding\_principles\_for\_sustainable\_federal\_buildings.pdf">https://www.sustainability.gov/pdfs/guiding\_principles\_for\_sustainable\_federal\_buildings.pdf</a>); and
- (ii) All renovation projects of existing Federal buildings *must* use, to the greatest extent technically feasible and practicable, Federal sustainable *design* and operations principles for existing buildings in accordance with the Guiding Principles;
- (2) Identify alternatives to renovation that reduce existing assets' deferred maintenance costs;
- (3) Ensure that rehabilitation of Federally-owned historic buildings utilizes best practices and technologies in retrofitting to promote long-term viability of the buildings; and
- (4) Ensure pollution prevention and eliminate waste by diverting at least 50 percent of non-hazardous construction and demolition materials and debris.

(c)

(1) Agencies *shall* require the use of a project labor agreement for Federal *construction* projects with a total estimated *construction* cost at or above \$35 million, unless an exception applies (see

#### subpart <u>22.5</u>).

(2) Contracting officers conducting market research for Federal construction contracts, valued at or above the threshold in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, shall ensure that the procedures at 10.002(b)(1) involve a current and proactive examination of the market conditions in the project area to determine national, regional, and local entity interest in participating on a project that requires a project labor agreement, and to understand the availability of unions, and unionized and non-unionized contractors. Contracting officers may coordinate with agency labor advisors, as appropriate.